For additional information or to report concerns about a registered sex offender in your community, please contact your local Sheriff's Office.

Agency	Phone Number
Adams County	509-659-1122
Asotin County	509-243-4717
Benton County	509-735-6555
Chelan County	509-667-6887
Clallam County	360-417-2266
Clark County	360-397-2211
Columbia County	509-382-2518
Cowlitz County	360-577-3092
Douglas County	509-884-0941
Ferry County	509-775-2906
Franklin County	509-545-3527
Garfield County	509-843-3493
Grant County	509-766-3191
Grays Harbor County	360-964-1736
Island County	360-678-4422
Jefferson County	360-385-3831
King County	206-263-2120
Kitsap County	360-337-4498
Kittitas County	509-962-7525
Klickitat County	509-773-4455
Lewis County	360-740-1329
Lincoln County	509-725-9261
Mason County	360-427-9670
Okanogan County	509-422-7200
Pacific County	360-642-9300
Pend Oreille County	509-447-3151
Pierce County	253-798-7530
San Juan County	360-378-4151
Skagit County	360-416-1909
Skamania County	509-427-9490
Snohomish County	425-388-3675
Spokane County	509-477-6609
Stevens County	509-684-5296
Thurston County	360-754-2894
Wahkiakum County	360-795-3242
Walla Walla County	509-524-5400
Whatcom County	360-676-6650
Whitman County	509-397-6266
Yakima County	509-574-2500
WA Department of Corrections Victim Services Unit	800-322-2201
WASPC	360-486-2386

Additional Information



Tips can be submitted on this website by clicking the "Submit a tip or correction for this offender" under the offender's photo.





Washington Sex Offender Registry



For more than 30 years, Washington State has required persons (adults and juveniles) who have been convicted of any sex or kidnapping offense to register their address, place

of employment, or school with law enforcement. The information is provided through a searchable website that includes the ability to register for email alerts. The Washington Sex Offender Public Registry (WASOR) is a state funded program administered by the Washington Association of Sheriffs and Police Chiefs (WASPC). The following is a brief summary of the Washington Sex Offender Public Registry program and resources for more information.

Search for Offenders

- Washington Sex Offender Public Registry: www.wasor.org
- National Sex Offender Public Website: www.nsopw.gov

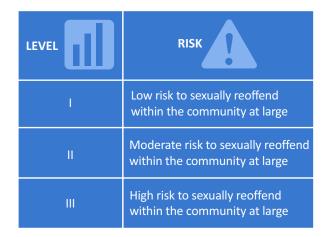
Frequently Asked Questions

1. What is a registered sex offender?

Sex offenders are juveniles or adults who have been convicted of a Class A, Class B, Class C felony or some gross misdemeanor sex offenses and are required to register for life, fifteen years, and ten years, respectively.

2. What do the levels mean?

Sex offender levels are determined by consideration of several factors about the offender and the nature of their offense(s). Adult and juvenile offenders are assigned risk level classification for purposes of community notification by law enforcement.



3. Do offenders have restrictions on where they can live?

It depends on whether the offender is under supervision by the Department of Corrections, Juvenile Rehabilitation, or county probation. If offenders are under supervision, they can have certain limitations or restrictions placed on them by the Department of Corrections or the sentencing court upon their release from incarceration. These may include residency restrictions, not being around children, having a curfew, or not drinking alcohol or taking drugs. If they are found to be in violation of their restrictions, they may be sent back to jail or to prison. Offenders who have completed their time under supervision can live where they choose without restrictions.

4. I know someone is a sex offender, why aren't they on the website?

Washington state publishes Level II, III and non-compliant or transient Level I offenders. If you are looking for information on a specific offender not published on the website, you can contact your local Sheriff's office. They can provide you with information on specific Level I offenders.

5. Can convicted sex offenders utilize social media such as Facebook, Twitter, Snapchat or Instagram?

It depends on whether the offender is under supervision by the Department of Corrections, Juvenile Rehabilitation, or county probation. If offenders are under supervision, they can have certain limitations or restrictions placed on them by the Department of Corrections or the sentencing court upon their release from incarceration. These may include restrictions on their ability to access social media or other internet sites, though sex offenders generally have the same 1st amendment rights as the general public.

6. What do I do if I see an offender doing something I think is suspicious?

Call your local police department or sheriff's office and report it. It is best to let law enforcement handle the situation rather than taking it into your own hands.

7. What about confronting the offender myself?

Experts believe sex offenders are less likely to re-offend if they live and work in an environment free of harassment. Any unlawful actions taken against the individual named in the notification, including vandalism of property, verbal, or written threats of harm, or physical violence against this person, his or her family, or employer, may result in your arrest and prosecution of criminal acts. This information cannot be used in any way to threaten, intimidate, or harass registered offenders.

8. These notifications disturb me and my family, we are worried.

People respond in many different ways to receiving a sex offender notification. It is normal to feel upset, angry, and worried about a sex offender living in your community. The law was created to inform the public when a Level II or Level III sex offender moves into the community and to provide the community with education and resources.

9. How can I talk to children about sex offender notification?

Talk with children in a calm way about the individual named on the notification flyer. Open communication with children is a parent's number one safety tool.